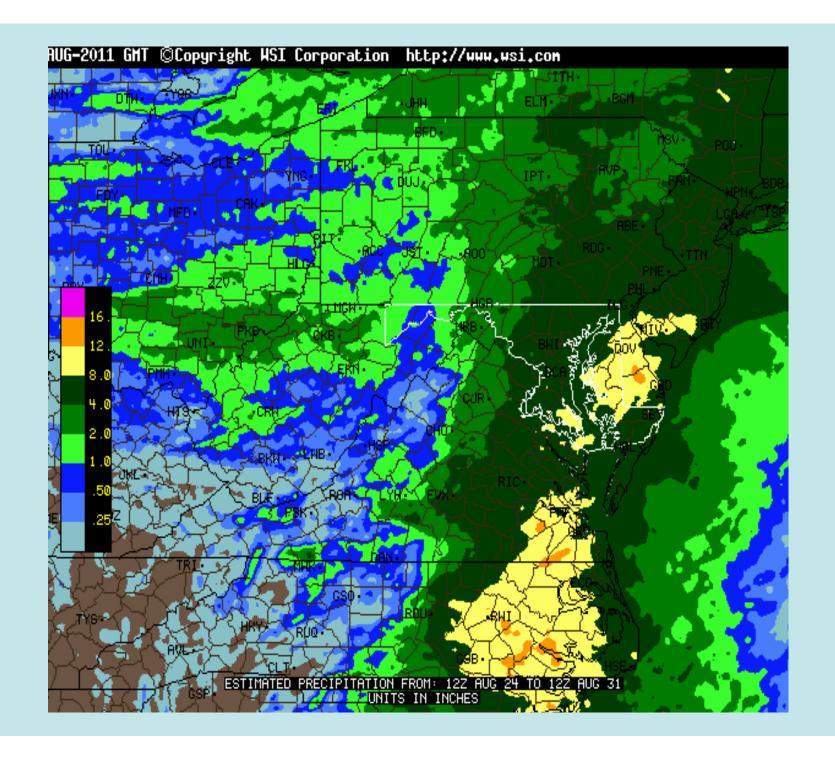


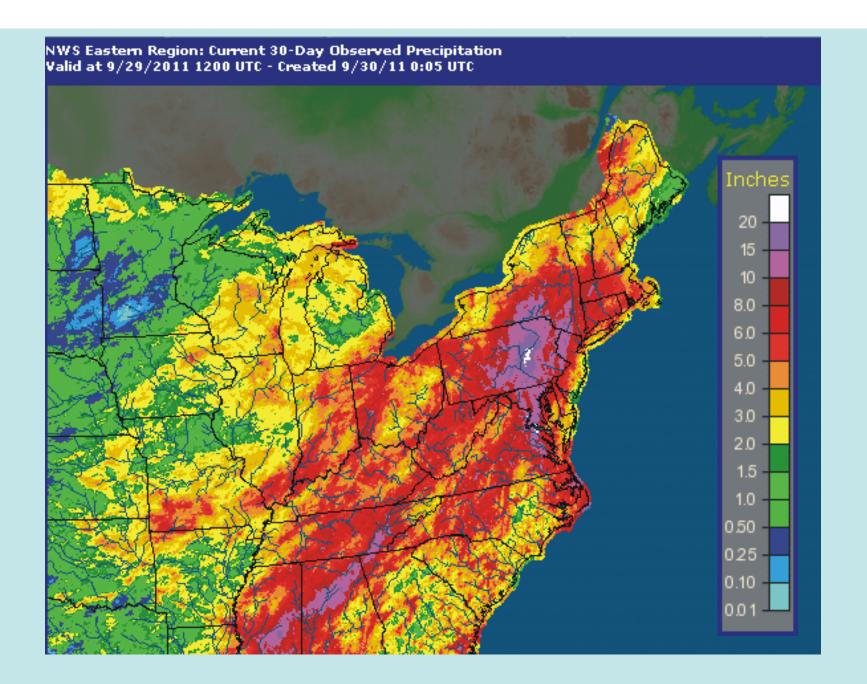
### **Hurricane Irene**

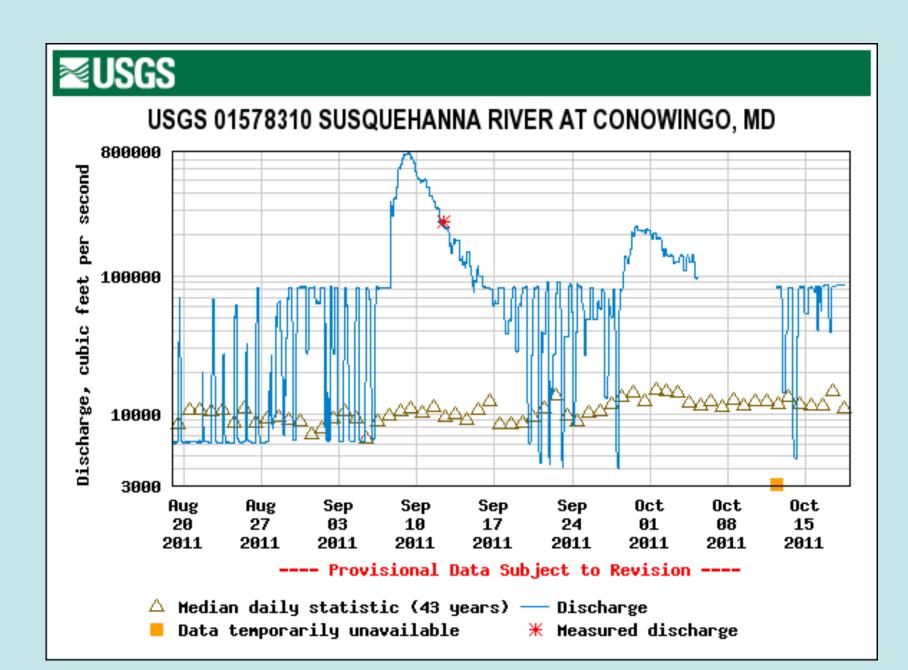
- August 27-28, 2011
- Precipitation centered on Eastern Shore,
   Delaware River Basin & NJ.
- High flows on some areas of Eastern shore (Choptank River)
- High north/northwest winds

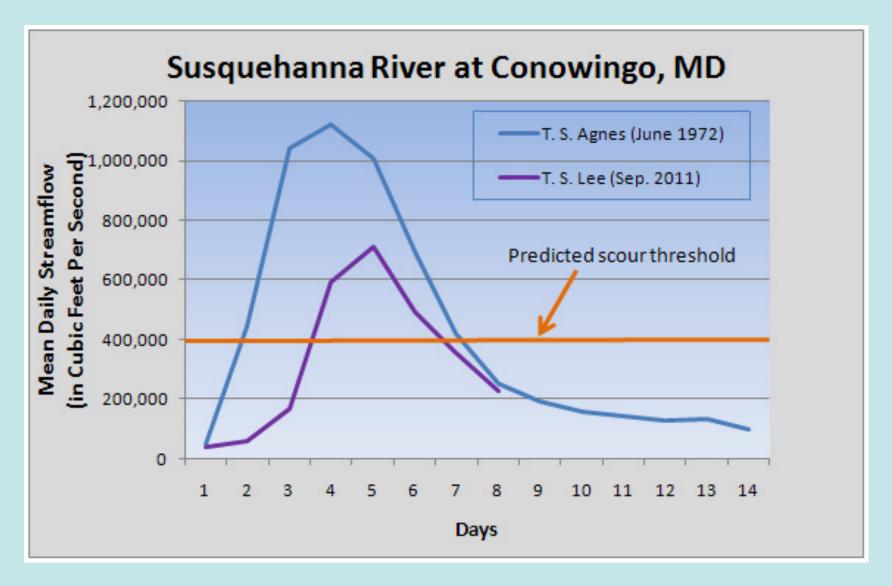


### **Tropical Storm Lee**

- Precipitation centered on upper western shore north to New York
- Freshwater flow from Tropical Storm Lee ranks 2<sup>nd</sup> all-time in recorded freshwater flow behind Tropical Storm Agnes (1972)
- Heavy scouring of sediment behind Conowingo Dam





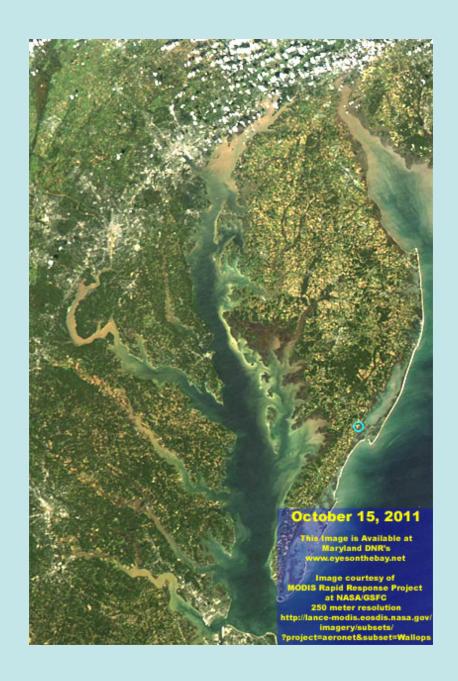


Graph from USGS, <a href="http://chesapeake.usgs.gov/featuresedimentscourconowingo.html">http://chesapeake.usgs.gov/featuresedimentscourconowingo.html</a>

### **USGS Streamflow**

http://waterwatch.usgs.gov/new/index.php?m=wwmaps

September 10-14th Image is Available at Maryland DNR's ww.eyesonthebay.net Image courtesy of DIS Rapid Response Project at NASA/GSFC 250 meter resolution gl/rapidfire.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/ pasets/?AERONET\_Wallops/ October 5-9th October 15th



#### Maryland DNR Water Quality Monitoring Programs

Intensive /

Shallow

Water

**Monitoring** 

Component





- 39 Monitors in 2010
- Includes 1 Vertical Profiler and 1 buoy with associated bottom monitors.
- Data collected every 15 minutes
- Parameters: D.O., Turbidity, Chlorophyll W.Temp, Salinity, pH, Depth
- Calibration Data Every 2 weeks



### Water Quality Mapping

- 6 Monthly cruises Apr.-Oct in 2010 over large areas.
- Data collected every 4 seconds in transit
- Parameters: D.O., Turbidity, Chlorophyll W.Temp, Salinity, pH, Water Depth
- Calibration Data at ~5 Sites each Cruise

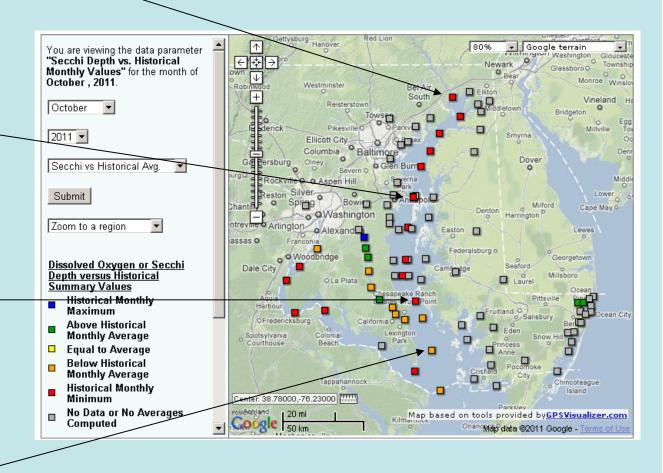


### Long-Term Fixed Station Monitoring

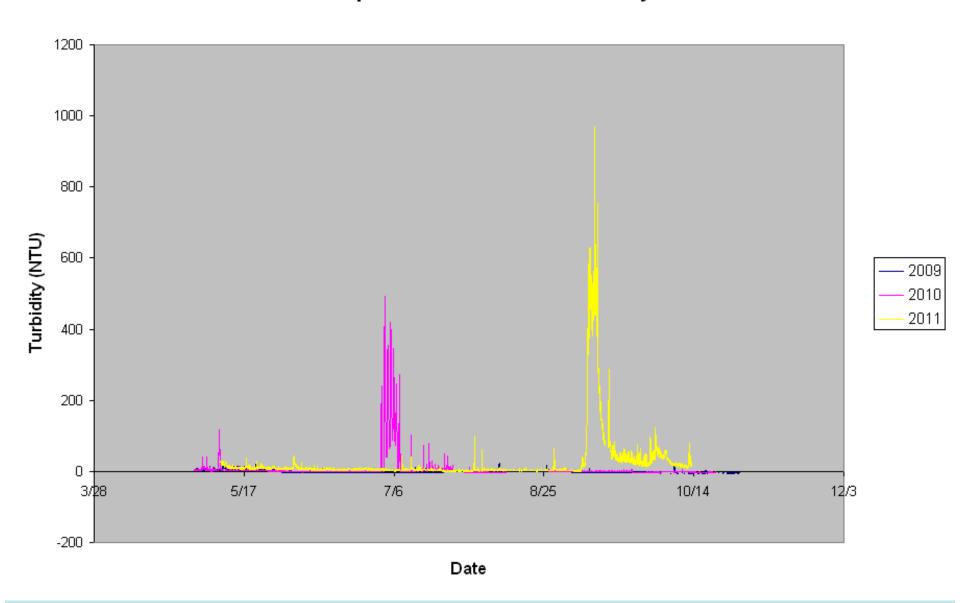
- Monthly/Twice Monthly cruises year round
- Collected Since 1985
- 80+ Stations
- Full suite of parameters and depth profiles

# Secchi Depth (m) February Secchi Depth (m) November February October

#### **Record Low Water Clarity Throughout Year**

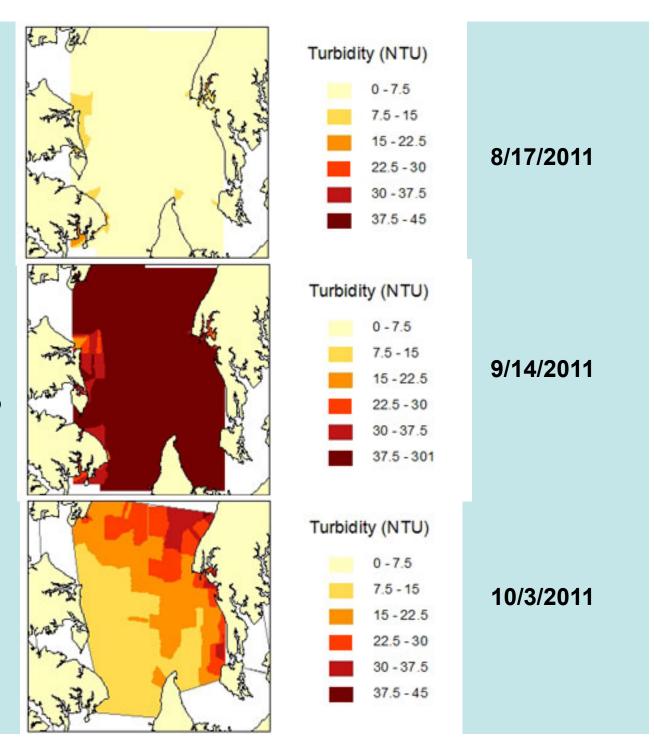


#### Susquehanna Flats Water Clarity



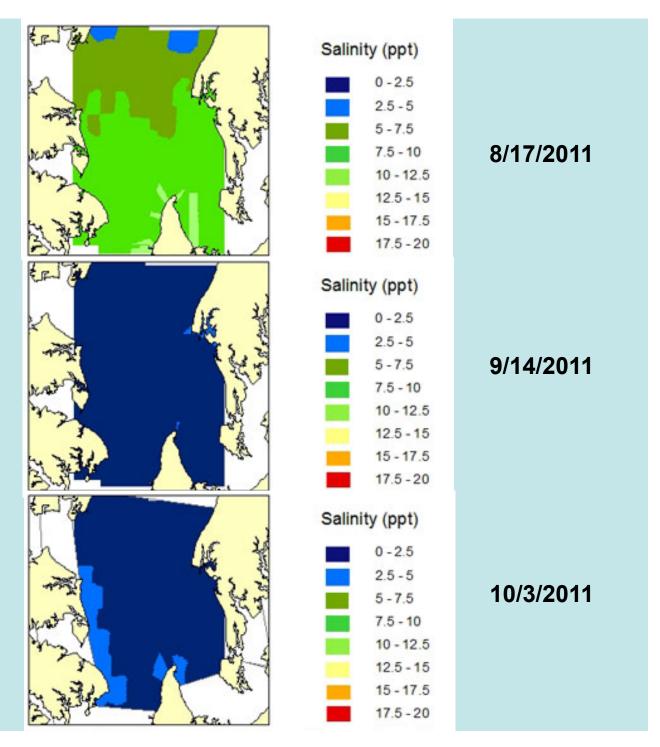
### Water Quality Mapping Turbidity

Chesapeake Bay
Segment 3
(North of Bay Bridge to
Above Patapsco River)

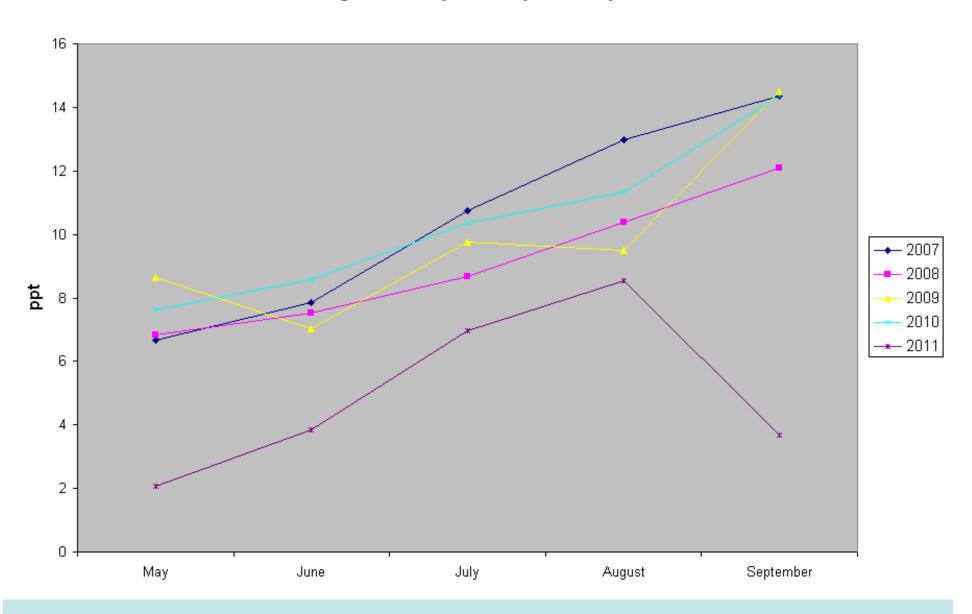


### Water Quality Mapping Salinity

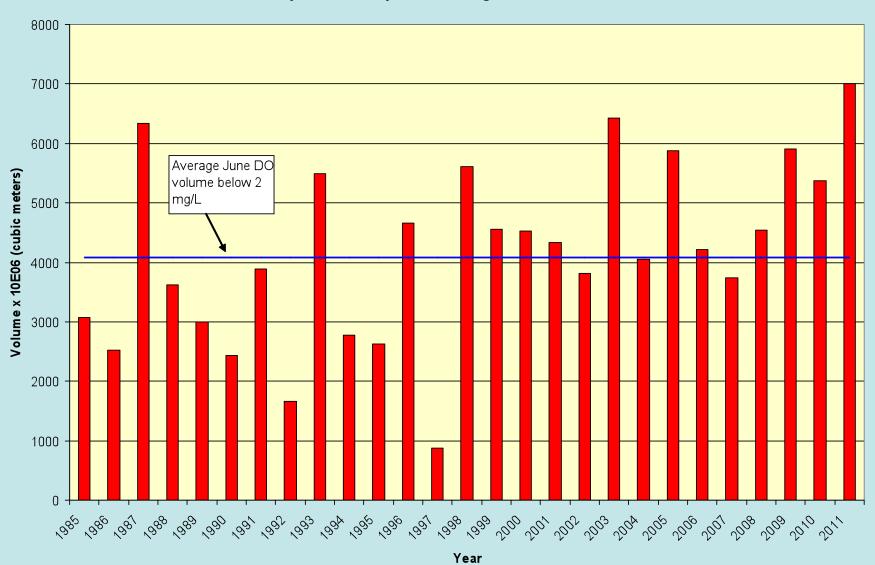
Chesapeake Bay
Segment 3
(North of Bay Bridge to
Above Patapsco River)

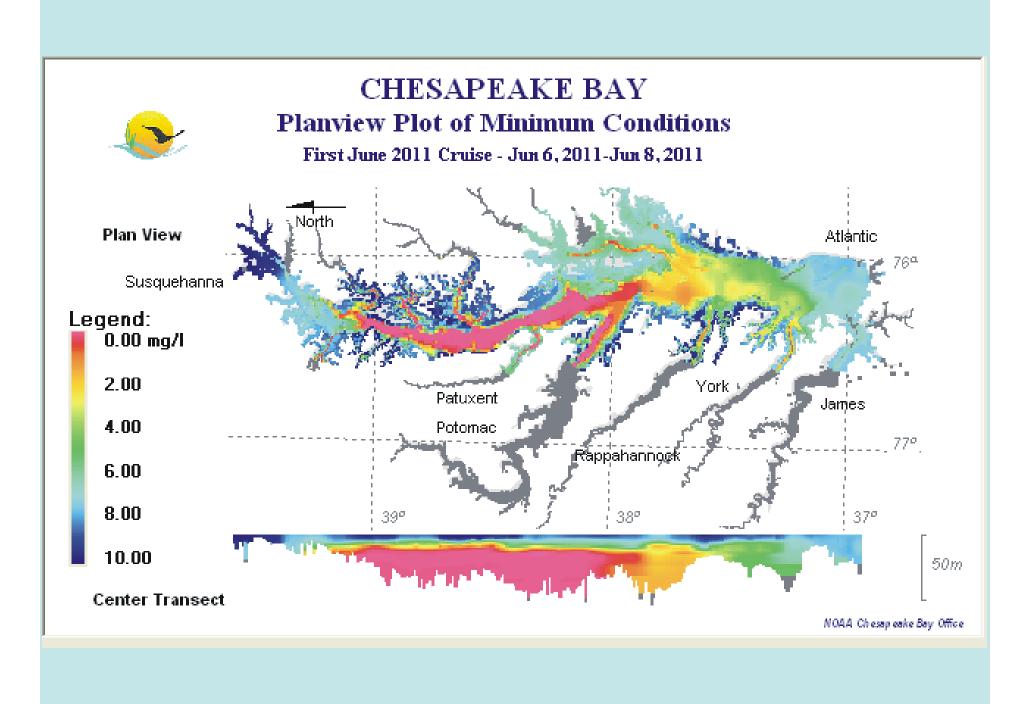


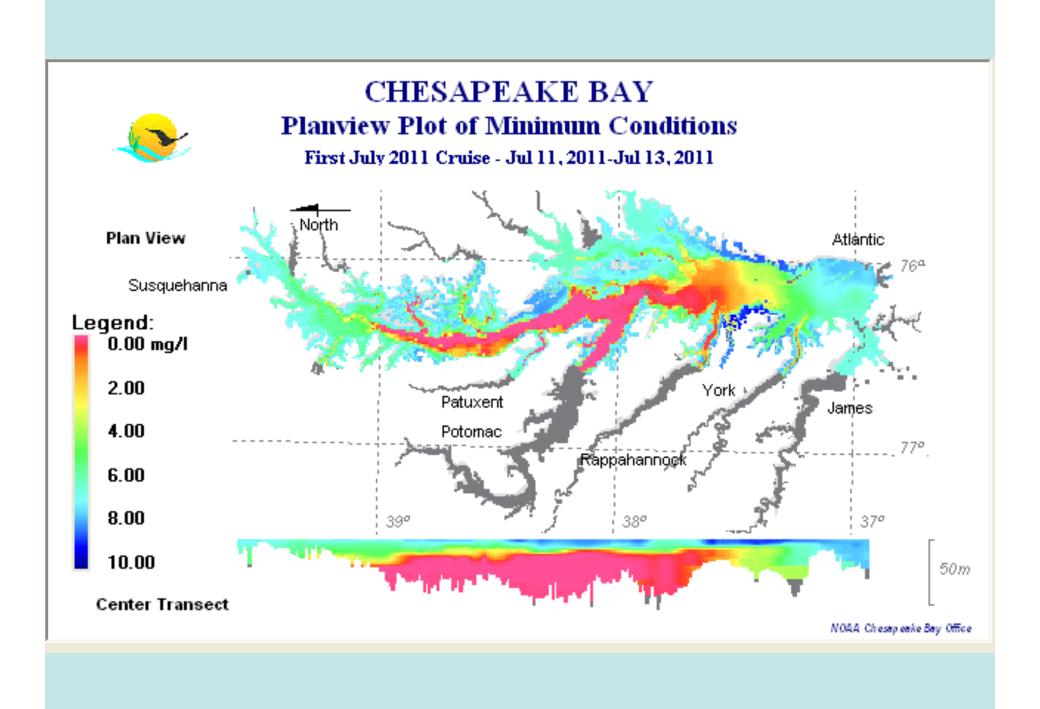
#### **Average Monthly Salinity - Sandy Point**

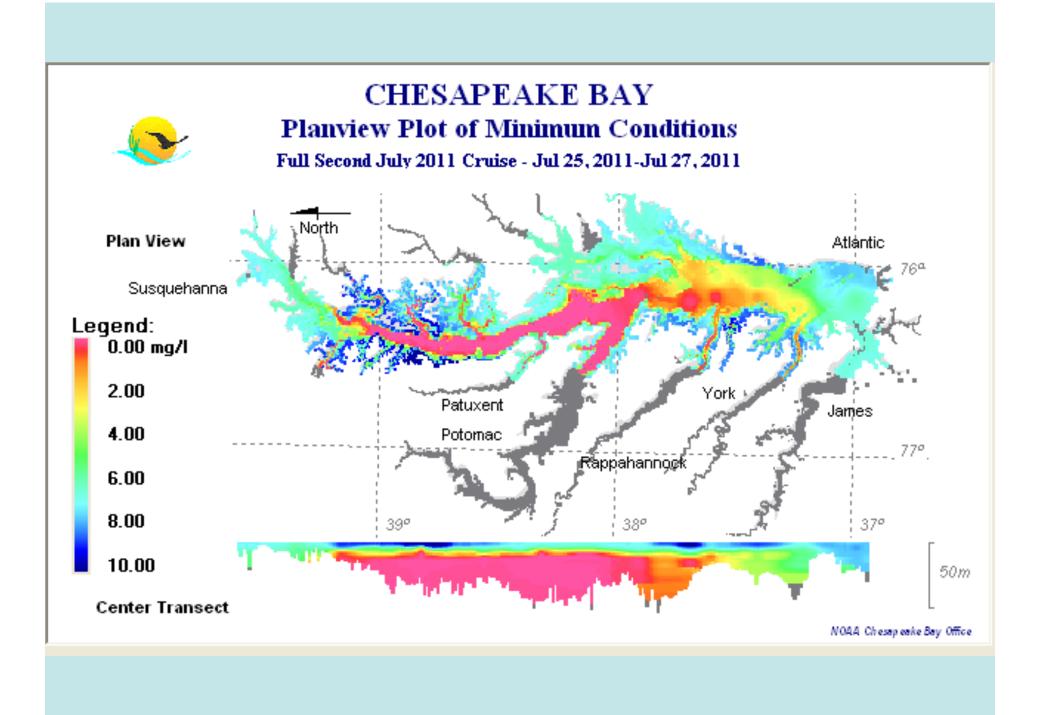


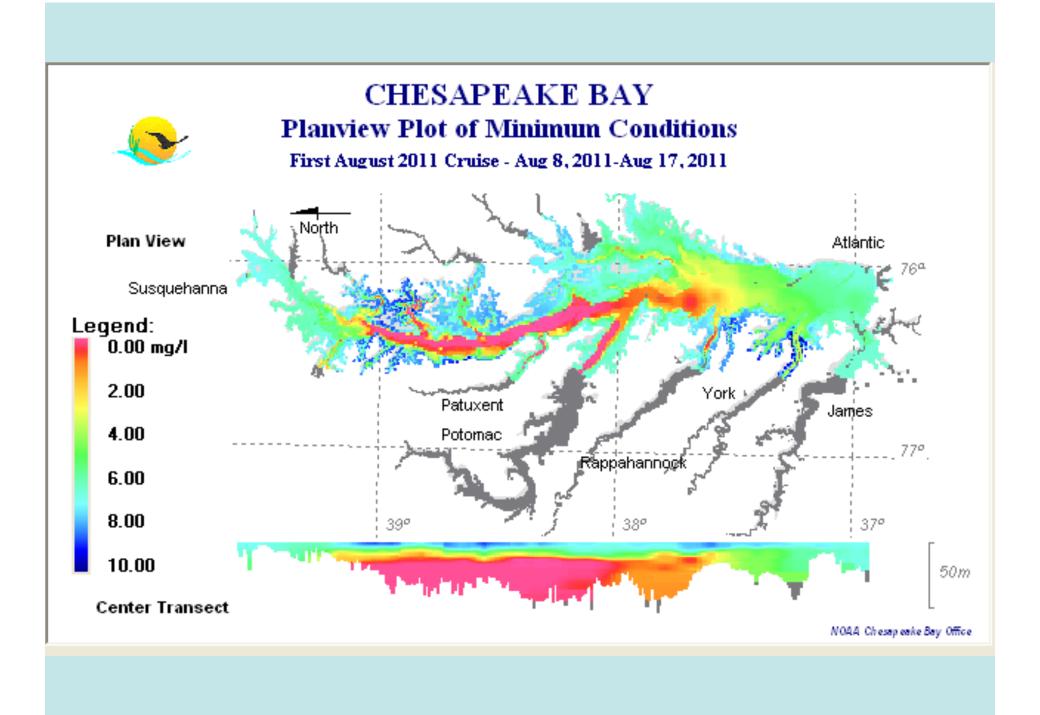
### Dissolved oxygen volume below 2 mg/L for the Maryland main Bay for the average of June cruises

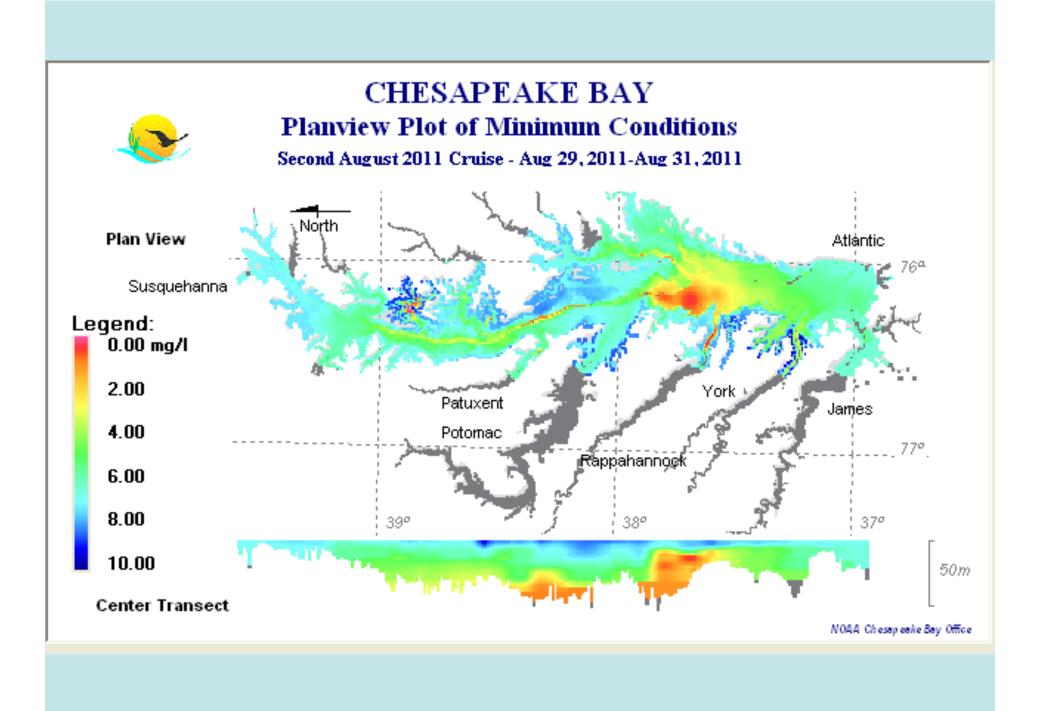


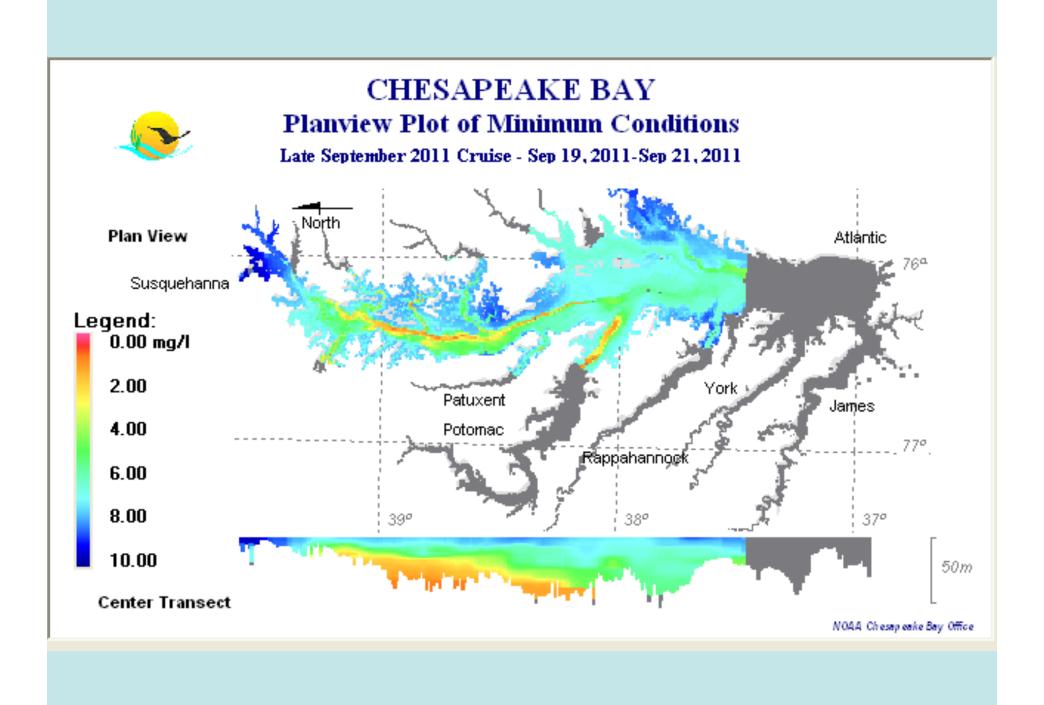


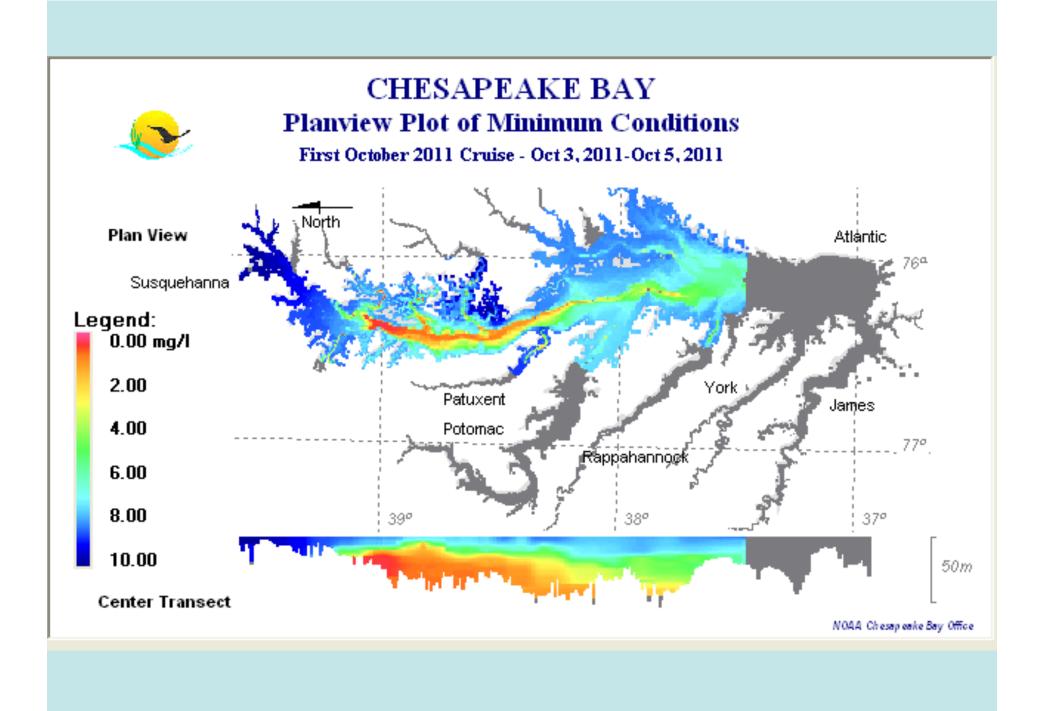






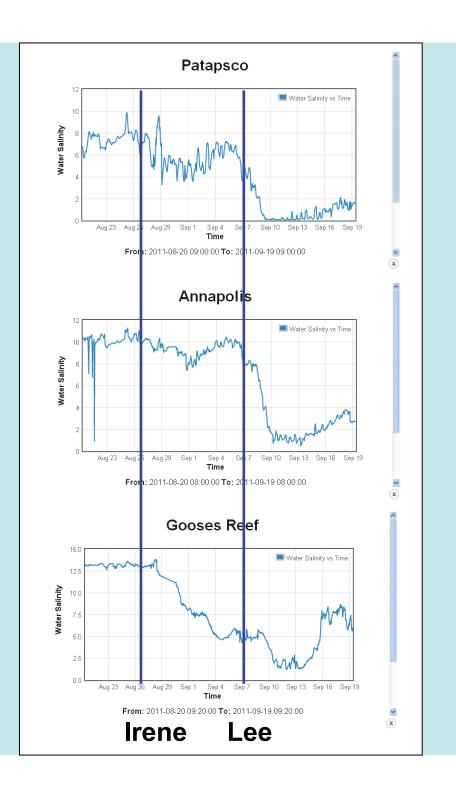






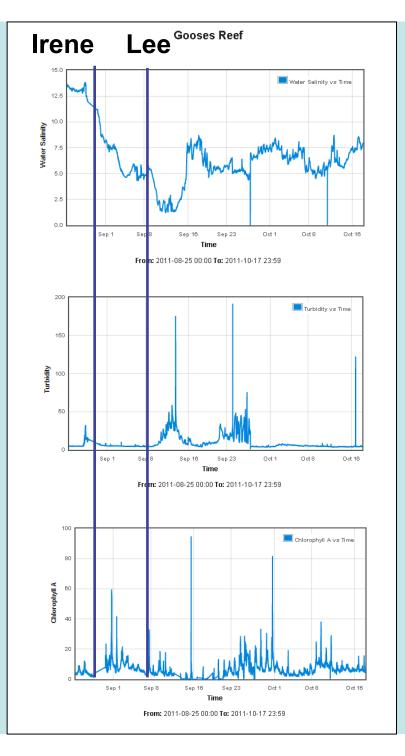
### **Salinity from NOAA Buoys**

(www.buoybay.org)



#### NOAA/DNR Dominion Gooses Reef Buoy

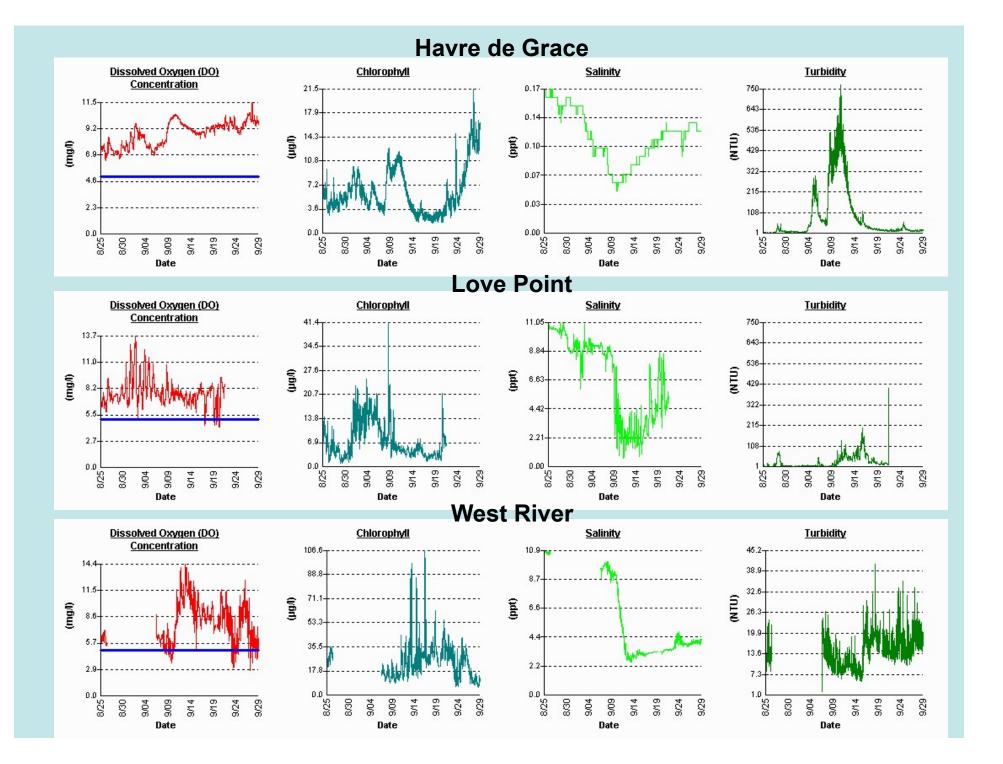
(www.buoybay.org)



#### **Salinity**

#### **Turbidity**

**Algae** 



### Summary

- Elevated turbidity in Susquehanna River from September 7<sup>th</sup>, 2011 to present
- Dead zone temporarily eliminated by Hurricane Irene
- Anoxic conditions reset after Tropical Storm Lee
- This muddy water contained large amounts of nutrients capable of fueling large algal blooms which could rob the waters of dissolved oxygen when the algae would die and settle to the bottom to decompose.
- This large discolored freshwater plume could have major impacts to the Bay's fish, shellfish and underwater grass communities by smothering habitat, blocking light and decreasing salinity levels for an extended time.

## EYES ON THE BAY

## For more current water quality conditions of Maryland's tidal waters,

- visit us on the web: eyesonthebay.net
- On Twitter: @eyesonthebay
- On Facebook: Eyes on the bay